



# Prevention of Illegal Working Policy & Procedure



#### **Core Documentation Cover Page**

# Prevention of Illegal Working Policy & Procedure

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Equality Impact								
Positive equality impact (i.e. the policy/procedure/guideline significantly reduces inequalities)								
Neutral equality impact (i.e. no significant effect)								
Negative equality impact (i.e. increasing inequalities)								

If you have any feedback or suggestions for enhancing this policy, please email your comments to: <a href="mailto:quality@uco.ac.uk">quality@uco.ac.uk</a>



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#### 1. SCOPE

- 1.1 Employing someone who is not allowed to work in the UK is illegal. As an employer, we have a duty under the Immigration, Asylum and Nationality Act 2006 to carry out document checks on all potential employees/workers, to make sure they have the right to work in the UK before any employment/work is carried out.
- 1.2 This Procedure applies to the recruitment of all staff and other workers to the University College of Osteopathy (UCO). The Human Resources Department are principally responsible for ensuring that the policy is complied with and must be informed of all recruitment needs in advance. All staff involved in recruitment are responsible for ensuring that new staff are appointed in accordance with the Recruitment and Selection Policy & Procedure.

#### 2. THE LAW RELATING TO PREVENTION OF ILLEGAL WORKING

- 2.1 It is a criminal offence to employ someone who does not have the right to work in the UK. An offence is punishable by a civil penalty currently up to £45,000 per illegal worker or if knowingly employing an illegal worker for a first breach and £60,000 for repeat breaches
- 2.2 Legislation gives employers a statutory defence against conviction for employing an illegal worker by checking and copying certain original documents belonging to the person.
- 2.3 Legislation obliges employers to ensure that their recruitment practices do not discriminate against individuals on racial grounds.

#### 3. WHO CAN LEGALLY WORK IN THE UK?

- 3.1 The following main groups are not subject to immigration control and can be employed without restriction:
  - a) British Citizens.
  - b) Irish Citizens.
  - c) Nationals from European Economic Area (EEA) countries and Switzerland who have pre-settled or settled status from the EU Settlement Scheme - or you've applied and you're waiting for a decision.
  - d) you have a family permit from the EU Settlement Scheme.
  - e) you have indefinite leave to enter or remain in the UK.
  - f) you have right of abode in the UK.
- 3.2 The following countries are part of the EU and EEA:



Austria	Germany	Malta
Belgium	Greece	Netherlands
Bulgaria	Hungary	Norway
Croatia	Iceland	Poland
Republic of Cyprus	Ireland	Portugal
Czech Republic	Italy	Romania
Denmark	Latvia	Slovakia
Estonia	Liechtenstein	Slovenia
Finland	Lithuania	Spain
France	Luxembourg	Sweden
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#### 4. Procedure for establishing the right to work

- 4.1 In order for the UCO's recruitment practices to comply with the legal requirements, the following steps will be applied for every potential employee/worker before they commence working for the organisation:
  - a) Step 1: Prior to commencing any employment/work, all potential employees/workers will be asked to provide relevant original documents, (or combinations of documents as applicable), contained in either List A or List B of the employers' right to work checklist published by the UK Government¹. Candidates will be informed that they are required to bring their original documents when attending an interview. The HR department will copy documentation from all candidates. Copies of documentation for unsuccessful candidates will be shredded within six months of attending an interview.
  - b) Step 2: It is a requirement to ensure that the potential employee/worker is the rightful holder of the documents presented. The following reasonable steps will therefore be carried out when checking the documents provided by the potential employee/worker:
    - i. check any photographs, where available, to ensure they are consistent with the appearance of the potential employee;
    - ii. check the dates of birth listed to ensure that these are consistent with the appearance of the potential employee;
    - iii. check that the expiry dates of any limited leave to enter or remain in the UK have not passed;
    - iv. check any UK Government endorsements, (Biometric Residence Permits, stamps, stickers, visas), to see if the person is able to do, or can continue to do, the type of work being offered;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Employers' right to work checklist - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) and see Annex A.



- v. be satisfied that the documents are genuine, have not been tampered with and belong to the holder;
- vi. ask for further documents in explanation if two documents show different names. This may include a marriage certificate or a divorce decree absolute, a deed poll or statutory declaration.
- c) Step 3: A copy of the relevant pages of the document must be taken, in a format that cannot later be altered, for example, a photocopy or scan. In the case of a passport or other travel document, the following parts must be copied:
  - i. The front cover and all of the pages containing the holder's personal details, including their photograph and signature.
  - ii. Any page containing UK Government endorsements showing their permission to be in the UK and their right to carry out the work being offered.
- 4.2 Documents must be copied in full; this includes both sides of a Biometric Residence Permit.
- 4.3 All documents should be endorsed with the phrase "I certify that this is a true copy of the original document" and signed and dated by the person who checked the original documentation.
- 4.4 The employers' right to work checklist published by the UK Government ensures that the appropriate checks are undertaken and copies of relevant documents are retained. Checks must be completed for all those being offered employment/work before any work commences. Documents must be retained securely for the duration of the person's employment and for a further two years after their employment ends at the UCO, for examination by the Immigration Service should this be required.

#### 5. AVOIDANCE OF RACIAL DISCRIMINATION

5.1 In order to avoid discrimination in recruitment practices, all potential employees will be treated in the same way regarding document checks.

#### 6. OTHER ISSUES

- 6.1 Forged Documents: The UCO will be liable to prosecution if a false document is provided and the falseness is reasonably apparent, meaning that we could have been reasonably expected to realise that the document in question is not genuine. It is therefore important that the checks described in Step 2 are carried out accurately.
- 6.2 Refusal or Inability to Provide Documents: It is the responsibility of the person looking for work to provide evidence that they are allowed to work. If the person is not able or refuses to provide evidence, the matter should be referred to the HR Manager immediately. The UCO is unable to offer employment to any person who cannot satisfy the requirements of this procedure and/or current legislation.



- 6.3 Employer Checking Service <sup>2</sup>: When checking documents, there are certain circumstances when confirmation will be needed from the UK Border Agency that a person has the right to work in the UK. This includes where an individual has:
  - a) an outstanding application, review or appeal with UKBA;
  - b) arrived in the UK before 1989 and do not have documents to prove their immigration status or right to work;
  - c) presented an Application Registration Card (ARC) which states that the holder is allowed to work;
  - d) a digital or non-digital Certificate of Application that says you need to ask the Home Office to check their right to work.
- In the above circumstances, positive confirmation of a person's right to work must be obtained from the UKBA Employer Checking Service before employment/work commences. Copies of all documents and correspondence relating to the check and the confirmation of right to work received from the UKBA will be retained on the person's Personnel File. Following initial confirmation of a person's right to work in the UK, repeat checks using the UKBA Employer Checking Service must be carried out at least once every 12 months.
- Prior to using the UKBA Employer Checking Service, the person being checked must be informed that the UCO has requested these checks through the UKBA.
- Repeat Confirmation Checks: In circumstances where an individual does not have unlimited leave to remain and to carry out the type of work being offered, repeat document confirmation checks must be undertaken at least once every 12 months and recorded in accordance with this procedure. Where a person's leave to remain and right to work in the UK is due to expire within 12 months of the date of the last check, then a further check must be undertaken not later than 3 months before the expiry date.
- 6.7 Sponsoring Workers from Outside the EEA: It is extremely unlikely that any post at the UCO could qualify for the right to recruit from outside the EEA, any manager considering this should talk to the HR Manager at the earliest opportunity.
- 6.8 Employing Asylum Seekers, Refugees and those granted Humanitarian Protection: Asylum Seekers do not normally have the right to work in the UK unless the UKBA have lifted restrictions on them taking employment. If an asylum seeker is allowed to work, they will hold a Home Office issued Application Registration Card stating one of the following:
  - a) Allowed to work
  - b) Employment permitted
  - c) Work Restricted SOL (which stands for Shortage Occupation List)
  - d) Work Restricted Student
  - e) Work Restricted Other

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Use the Employer Checking Service - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)



- 6.9 Some asylum seekers have restrictions placed on the type of work they can do. If an asylum seeker presents a card stating that work is restricted, then in addition to the standard checks contained within this procedure, the UKBA Employer Checking Service must also be used prior to the person commencing work, (see Employer Checking Service in section 6.3).
- 6.10 An asylum seeker whose claim is successful is granted refugee status. Where a person does not qualify for refugee status, but there are substantial grounds for believing they would face serious harm if removed to their country of origin, humanitarian protection is granted instead. Refugees and those recognised as requiring humanitarian protection have no restrictions on the type of work they can do in the UK, as long as they continue to hold this qualifying status.
- 6.11 Employing Students: Students from outside the EEA are permitted to take limited employment in the UK providing their conditions of entry to the UK allow this. There are strict conditions on the type of work students can carry out and the hours they can work while studying in the UK. Students studying in the UK who have entered as 'student visitors' are not allowed to work.

#### 7. VALIDITY OF PASSPORTS AND TRAVEL DOCUMENTS

- 7.1 Wherever possible current passports or travel documents should be used for checking purposes, i.e. those that have not expired. However, if a person does not have a current passport or travel document, evidence of their right to remain and work in the UK in an expired passport of travel document can be accepted. It is important to check that the stamp or endorsement in the document continues to allow the person to work by virtue of their status, (i.e. their stay is indefinite), or the date of the end of their permitted stay has not expired.
- 7.2 In circumstances where we have to rely solely on an expired passport of travel document to verify that a person has the right remain and work in the UK, care must be taken when examining photographs and comparing these with the current appearance of the person presenting them. The date of birth on the expired document must be checked against the current appearance of the document holder to ensure it is consistent.
- 7.3 The above applies solely to the UK Border Agency requirements to verify that a person has the right to remain and work within the UK. It does not apply to the identification requirements associated with an application for an Enhanced DBS Disclosure, for which current valid documents are always required.

#### 8. FURTHER INFORMATION

- 8.1 Further information and advice about any aspect of the law on preventing illegal working is available from Human Resources and the following sources:
  - a) UKBA Sponsorship and Employers' Helpline 0300 123 4699
  - b) The online interactive tool: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/legal-right-work-uk">www.gov.uk/legal-right-work-uk</a>
  - c) The guidance contained published by the Home Office: An employer's guide to right to work check: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/right-to-work-checksemployers-guide



8.2 For further information on avoiding racial discrimination refer to the May 2014 guidance contained within the 'Code of practice for employers: Avoiding unlawful discrimination while preventing illegal working', which can be found at: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/right-to-work-checks-code-of-practice-on-avoiding-discrimination">www.gov.uk/government/publications/right-to-work-checks-code-of-practice-on-avoiding-discrimination</a>

#### ANNEX A: LISTS OF ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS

When carrying out a manual right to work check, you must obtain original documents from either List A or B of acceptable documents.

Where a right to work check has been conducted using the online right to work checking service, the information is provided in real-time directly from Home Office systems and there is no requirement to check any of the documents listed below.

#### List A – Acceptable Documents to Establish a Continuous Statutory Excuse

- 1. A passport (current or expired) showing the holder is a British citizen or a citizen of the UK and Colonies having the right of abode in the UK.
- 2. A passport or passport card (in either case, whether current or expired) showing that the holder is an Irish citizen.
- 3. A document issued by the Bailiwick of Jersey, the Bailiwick of Guernsey or the Isle of Man, which has been verified as valid by the Home Office Employer Checking Service, showing that the holder has been granted unlimited leave to enter or remain under Appendix EU(J) to the Jersey Immigration Rules, Appendix EU to the Immigration (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Rules 2008 or Appendix EU to the Isle of Man Immigration Rules.
- 4. A current passport endorsed to show that the holder is exempt from immigration control, is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK, has the right of abode in the UK, or has no time limit on their stay in the UK<sup>3</sup>.
- 5. A current Immigration Status Document issued by the Home Office to the holder with an endorsement indicating that the named person is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK, or has no time limit on their stay in the UK, together with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a government agency or a previous employer.
- 6. A birth or adoption certificate issued in the UK, together with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a government agency or a previous employer<sup>4</sup>.
- 7. A birth or adoption certificate issued in the Channel Islands, the Isle of Man or Ireland, together with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a government agency or a previous employer.
- 8. A certificate of registration or naturalisation as a British citizen, together with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a government agency or a previous employer.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Definition includes those with a document which shows that the holder is entitled to readmission to the UK (RUK endorsement).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Definition includes a full birth certificate issued by a UK diplomatic mission (British Embassy or British High Commission.



## List B Group 1 – documents where a time-limited statutory excuse lasts until the expiry date of permission to enter or permission to stay

- 1. A current passport endorsed to show that the holder is allowed to stay in the UK and is currently allowed to do the type of work in question<sup>5</sup>.
- 2. A document issued by the Bailiwick of Jersey, the Bailiwick of Guernsey or the Isle of Man, which has been verified as valid by the Home Office Employer Checking Service, showing that the holder has been granted limited leave to enter or remain under Appendix EU(J) to the Jersey Immigration Rules, Appendix EU to the Immigration (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Rules 2008 or Appendix EU to the Isle of Man Immigration Rules.
- 3. A current Immigration Status Document containing a photograph issued by the Home Office to the holder with a valid endorsement indicating that the named person may stay in the UK, and is allowed to do the type of work in question, together with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a government agency or a previous employer.

#### List B Group 2 – documents where a time-limited statutory excuse lasts for six months

- A document issued by the Home Office showing that the holder has made an application for leave to enter or remain under Appendix EU to the immigration rules (known as the EU Settlement Scheme) on or before 30 June 2021 together with a Positive Verification Notice from the Home Office Employer Checking Service.
- 2. A Certificate of Application (non-digital) issued by the Home Office showing that the holder has made an application for leave to enter or remain under Appendix EU to the immigration rules (known as the EU Settlement Scheme), on or after 1 July 2021, together with a Positive Verification Notice from the Home Office Employer Checking Service.
- 3. A document issued by the Bailiwick of Jersey, the Bailiwick of Guernsey or the Isle of Man showing that the holder has made an application for leave to enter or remain under Appendix EU(J) to the Jersey Immigration Rules or Appendix EU to the Immigration Rules (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Rules 2008, or Appendix EU to the Isle of Man Immigration Rules together with a Positive Verification Notice from the Home Office Employer Checking Service.
- 4. An Application Registration Card issued by the Home Office stating that the holder is permitted to take the employment in question, together with a Positive Verification Notice from the Home Office Employer Checking Service.
- 5. A Positive Verification Notice issued by the Home Office Employer Checking Service to the employer or prospective employer, which indicates that the named person may stay in the UK and is permitted to do the work in question.

<sup>5</sup> This includes a current passport endorsed with a stamp showing an individual has been granted leave to enter and there are no work-related conditions attached. If, under the conditions of the individual's leave, work was restricted or prohibited the endorsement placed in the individual's passport would explicitly set that out as a

condition.